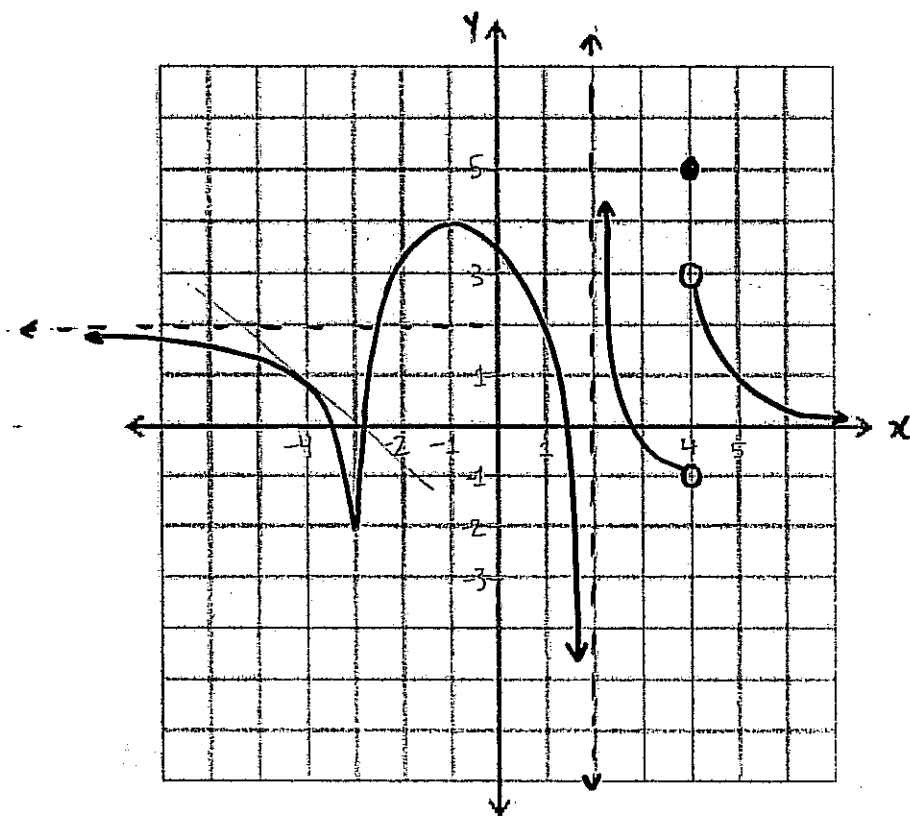


Quiz 2A, Business Calculus

Fall 2014 - Dr. Graham-Squire

Name: Key

1. (5 points) Use this graph of $f(x)$ to find the value of the expressions given below



- (a) Estimate the value of the derivative at $x=-4$, that is, find $f'(-4) =$ about -1 ✓
- (b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} f(x) = -1$ ✓
- (c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \text{DNE (or } \infty)$ ✓
- (d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ ✓
- (e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)} f(x) = 4$ ✓

2. (2 points) Calculate the limit. Make sure to show your work and use correct notation to receive full points!

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\infty)} \frac{(2x^3 + 3x - 7) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x^3}\right)}{(5 + 2x^2 - 3x^3) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x^3}\right)} \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow (-\infty)} \frac{\frac{2x^3}{x^3} + \frac{3x}{x^3} - \frac{7}{x^3}}{\frac{5}{x^3} + \frac{2x^2}{x^3} - \frac{3x^3}{x^3}} \quad 0.5$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow (-\infty)} \frac{2 + \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{7}{x^3}}{\frac{5}{x^3} + \frac{2}{x} - 3} \quad 0.5$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{2}{-3}} \quad 0.5$$

3. (3 points) Find the value of k that will make the function continuous at $x = -1$. Make sure to use correct notation and explain/show your work. You must reference the definition of continuity in order to receive full points.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{x + 1} & \text{if } x < -1 \\ k & \text{if } x \geq -1 \end{cases}$$

Need to have $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)} f(x) = f(-1)$ \leftarrow def of continuity, 0.5

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)^-} \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{x + 1} \quad 0.5, \text{ and } f(-1) = k \quad 0.5$$

$$0.5 = \lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)^-} \frac{(x-4)(x+1)}{x+1}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)^-} x - 4 = -5$$

To be continuous, need these things equal,

$$\text{so } \boxed{k = -5} \quad \checkmark$$

Quiz 2B, Business Calculus

Fall 2014 - Dr. Graham-Squire

3:06

3:10

4

⇒ 15 min

Key

Name: _____

1. (2 points) Calculate the limit. Make sure to show your work and use correct notation to receive full points!

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^4 + 3x - 7}{6 + x^2 - 2x^4} \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{1}{x^4}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{x^4}\right)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{5x^4}{x^4} + \frac{3x}{x^4} - \frac{7}{x^4}}{\frac{6}{x^4} + \frac{x^2}{x^4} - \frac{2x^4}{x^4}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 + \frac{3}{x^3} - \frac{7}{x^4}}{\frac{6}{x^4} + \frac{1}{x^2} - 2} = \boxed{\frac{5}{-2}}$$

0 0

2. (3 points) Find the value of k that will make the function continuous at $x = -1$. Make sure to use correct notation and explain/show your work. You must reference the definition of continuity in order to receive full points.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 + 4x - 5}{x + 5} & \text{if } x < -5 \\ k & \text{if } x \geq -5 \end{cases}$$

Need $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-5)} f(x) = f(-5)$

$f(-5) = k$, so need

0/0

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-5)} \frac{x^2 + 4x - 5}{x + 5} = k$$

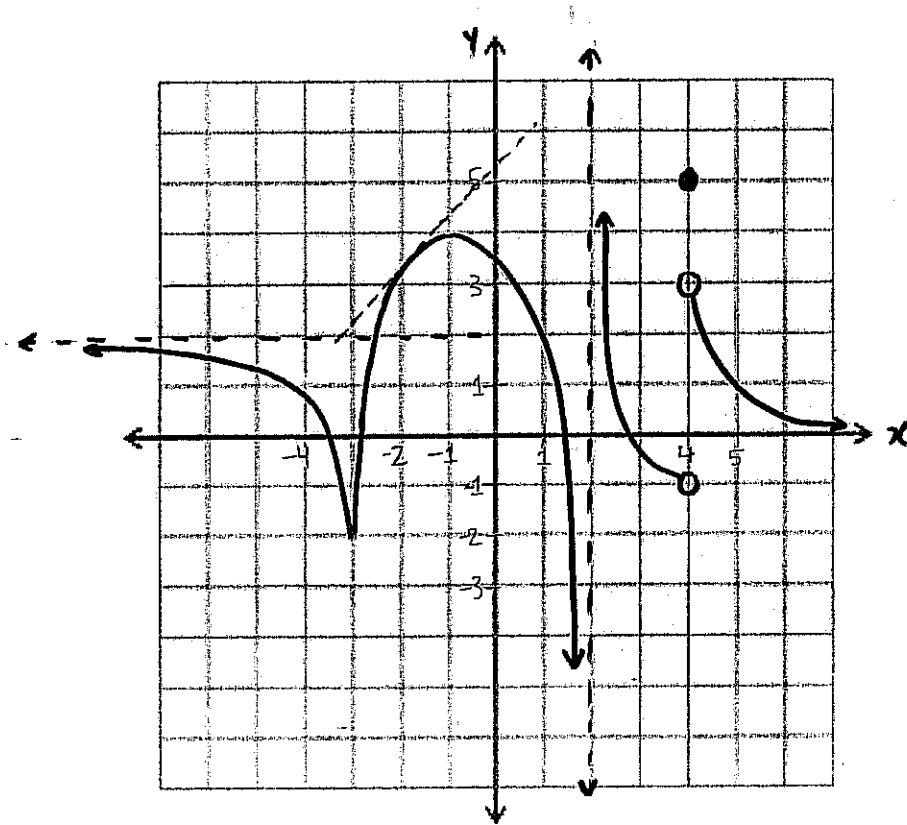
$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow (-5)} \frac{(x+5)(x-1)}{x+5} = k$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow (-5)} x - 1 = k$$

$$\Rightarrow -5 - 1 = k$$

$k = -6$

3. (5 points) Use this graph of $f(x)$ to find the value of the expressions given below



(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} f(x) = 3$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = \text{DNE (or } -\infty)$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\infty)} f(x) = 2$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-3)} f(x) = -2$

(e) Estimate the value of the derivative at $x=-2$, that is, find $f'(-2)=$

Approximately a slope of 1 for tangent line at $x=-2$.